

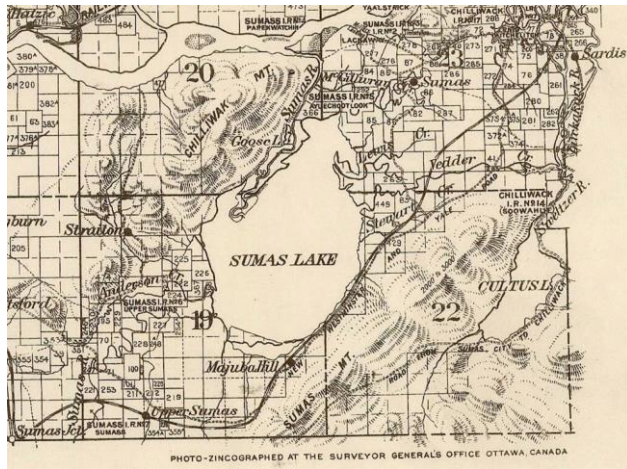
Flood Inundation Extent and Volume Mapping of the 2021 Nooksack River and Sumas Prairie Floods using Remote Sensing and GIS

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Jonathan McIntyre (i-Open Technologies)

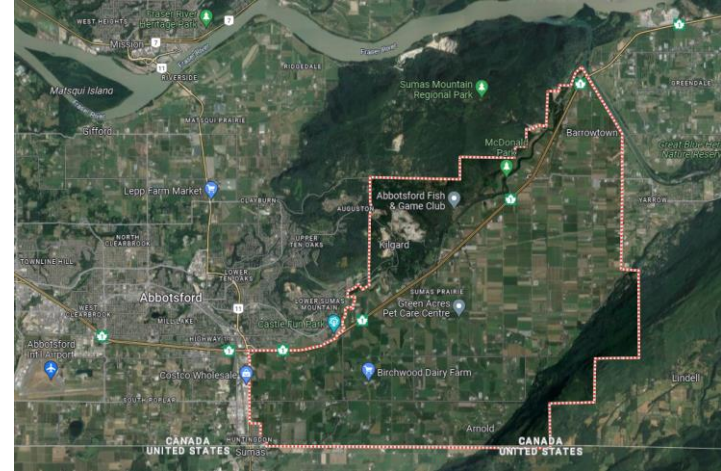
Land Acknowledgment

Simon Fraser Burnaby is located on the unceded traditional territories including, the Sk̓wxwú7mesh Úxwumixw (Squamish), səłilwətaʔl (Tsleil-Waututh) and kwikʷəłəm (Kwkwetlem), xʷməθkʷəy̓əm (Musqueam) Nations, on which SFU Burnaby is located.

Sumas Prairie is located on the unceded traditional territory of the Sumas First Nation. The Semá:th people's relationship with this land goes back time immemorial. Sumas Prairie is located on the former site of Sumas Lake which served as a central gathering place and food source for the Semá:th until it was drained for settler agricultural practices just over 100 years ago (Sumas First Nation)



Map of former Sumas Lake (City of Vancouver Archives)



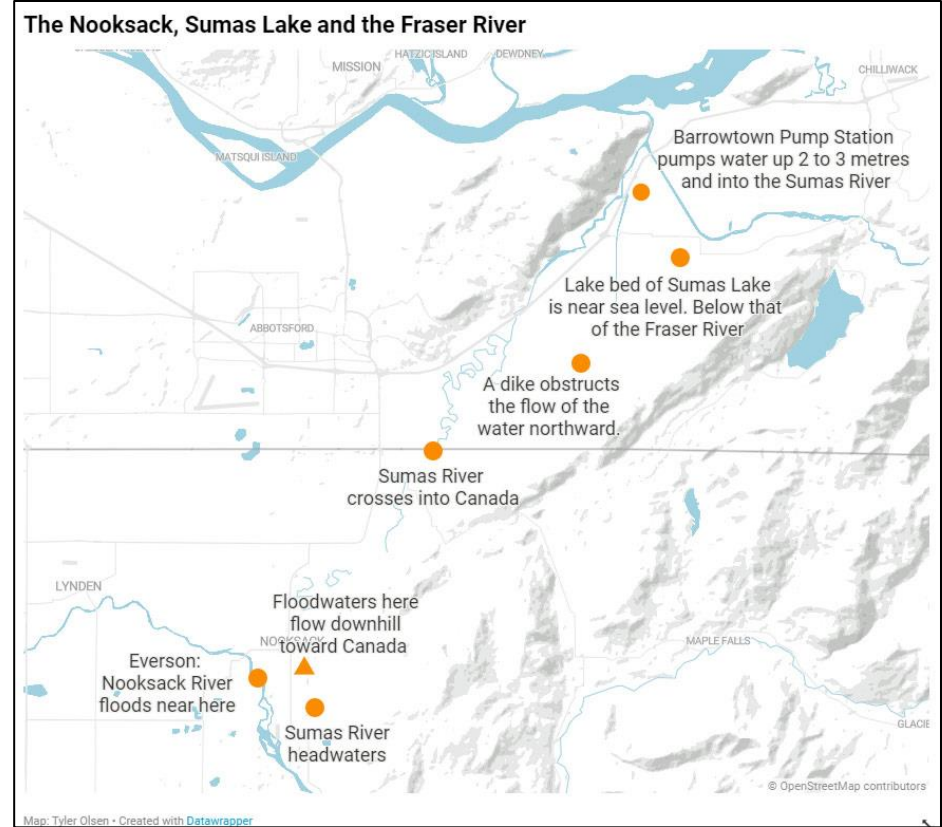
Map of Sumas Prairie (Google Maps)

Order of Presentation

- Background
- Methods
- Results
- Discussion/Conclusion
- References
- Questions

Background

- Sumas Prairie in Abbotsford B.C. experienced a severe flooding event from November 15th to December 8th, 2021
- This event was caused by a series of atmospheric rivers that led the Nooksack River spilling over into the Sumas River
- The series of floods in Abbotsford resulted in over a billion dollars of damage and the loss of thousands of farm animals (Globe and Mail)



Flood water movement (Tyler Olsen, 2021)

Research Questions:

- What areas were inundated by flood waters?
- How did the flood inundation extent change over time?
- What was the volume of flood water inside of Sumas Prairie?
- How and why do different areas have different drainage rates?



Inundation along the Nooksack River (Larry McCarter)

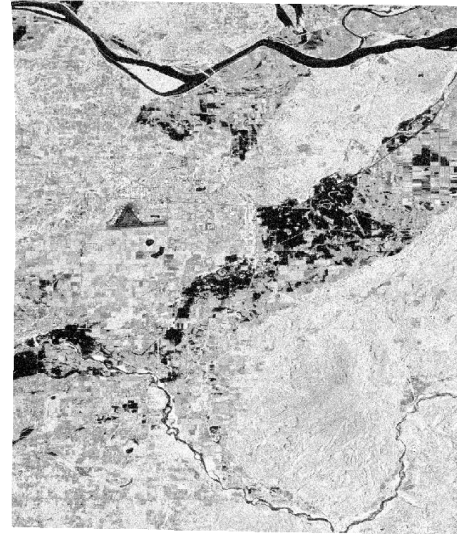
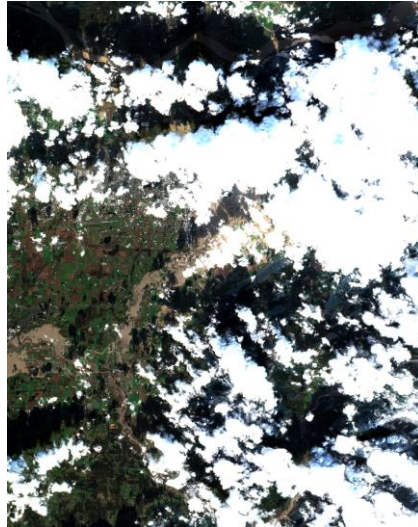


Inundated areas (Darryl Dyck)

Why Synthetic Aperture Radar (SAR)?

- Measures surface structure backscatter rather than passive reflection.
- Data can be collected day or night and under most weather conditions
- Radar wavelengths are also long enough to penetrate cloud coverage
- Sentinel-1 that collects SAR images has a 5-10 day revisit time

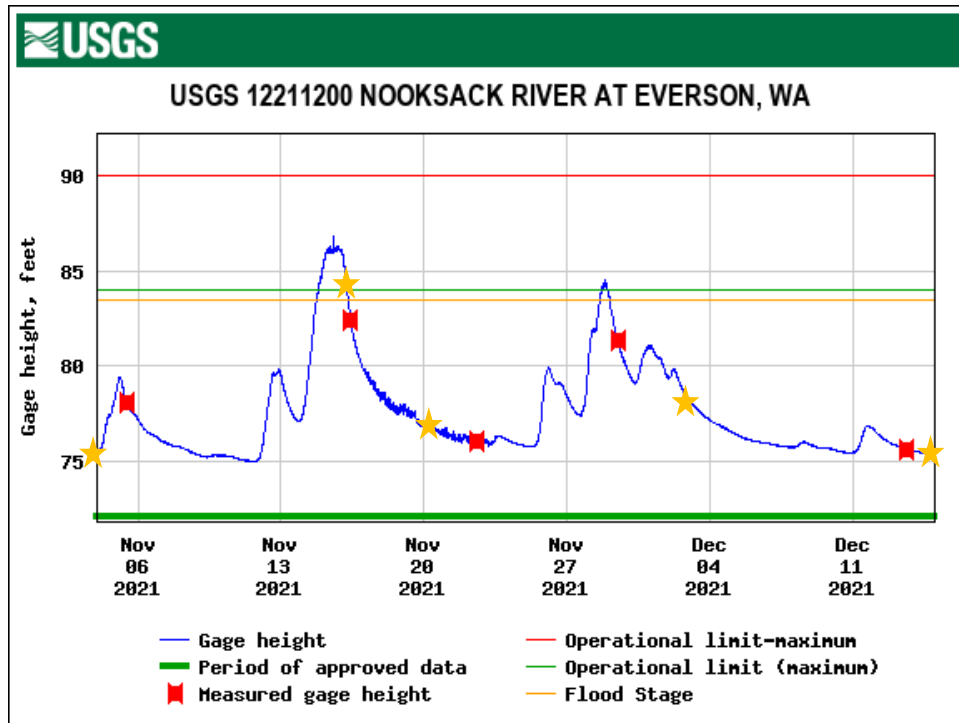
Sentinel-2 (true color) image of Sumas Prairie taken on November 16th, 2021



Sentinel-1 (SAR) image of Sumas Prairie taken on November 16th, 2021

Flooding Timeline

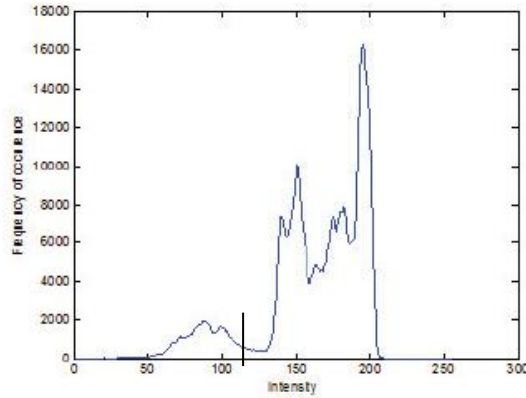
Dates of SAR Image Acquisition
November 4th (Pre-flood)
November 16th
November 20th
November 25 th
November 28 th
December 2 nd
December 7th
December 14th (Post-flood)



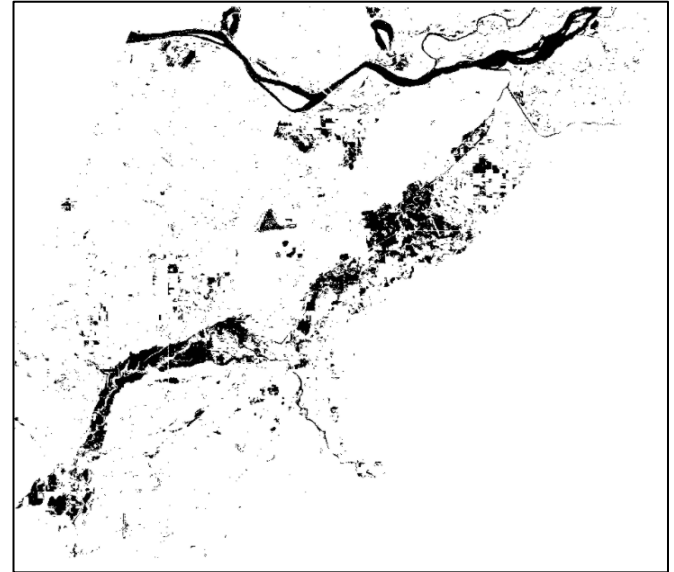
Nooksack River Elevation

Method for Delineating Flood Water: Edge Otsu “Threshold”

Otsu Thresholding is a technique that segments into two classes based on maximizing the variance between classes.



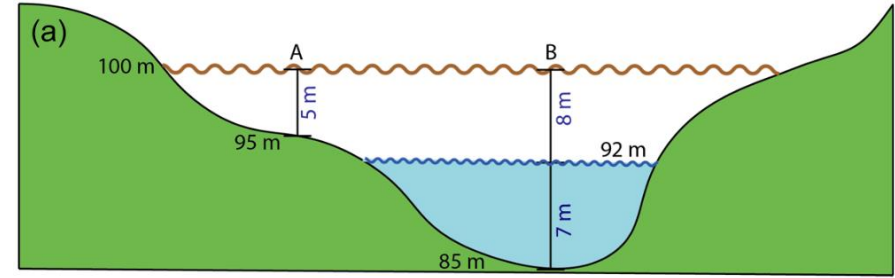
Otsu Threshold Histogram
(Ismail et al., 2009)



November 16 Water Inundation Map

Method for Determining Flood Inundation Depth and Volume

The Flood Water Depth Estimation Tool (FwDET) created by Cohen et al. (2017) uses digital elevation models (DEMs) to calculate flooding depth for each cell by calculating surface water elevation (based on local maxima) and subtracting it by each cell's terrain elevation

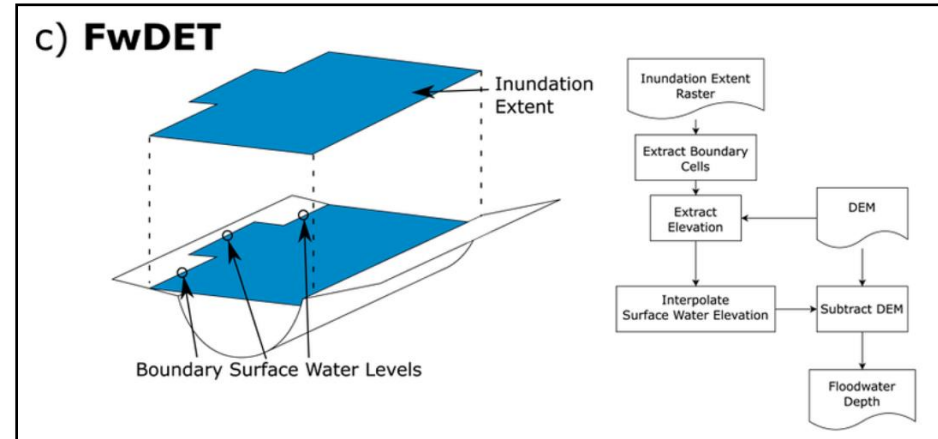


FwDET visualized (Cohen et al., 2019)

Flood Volume Calculation

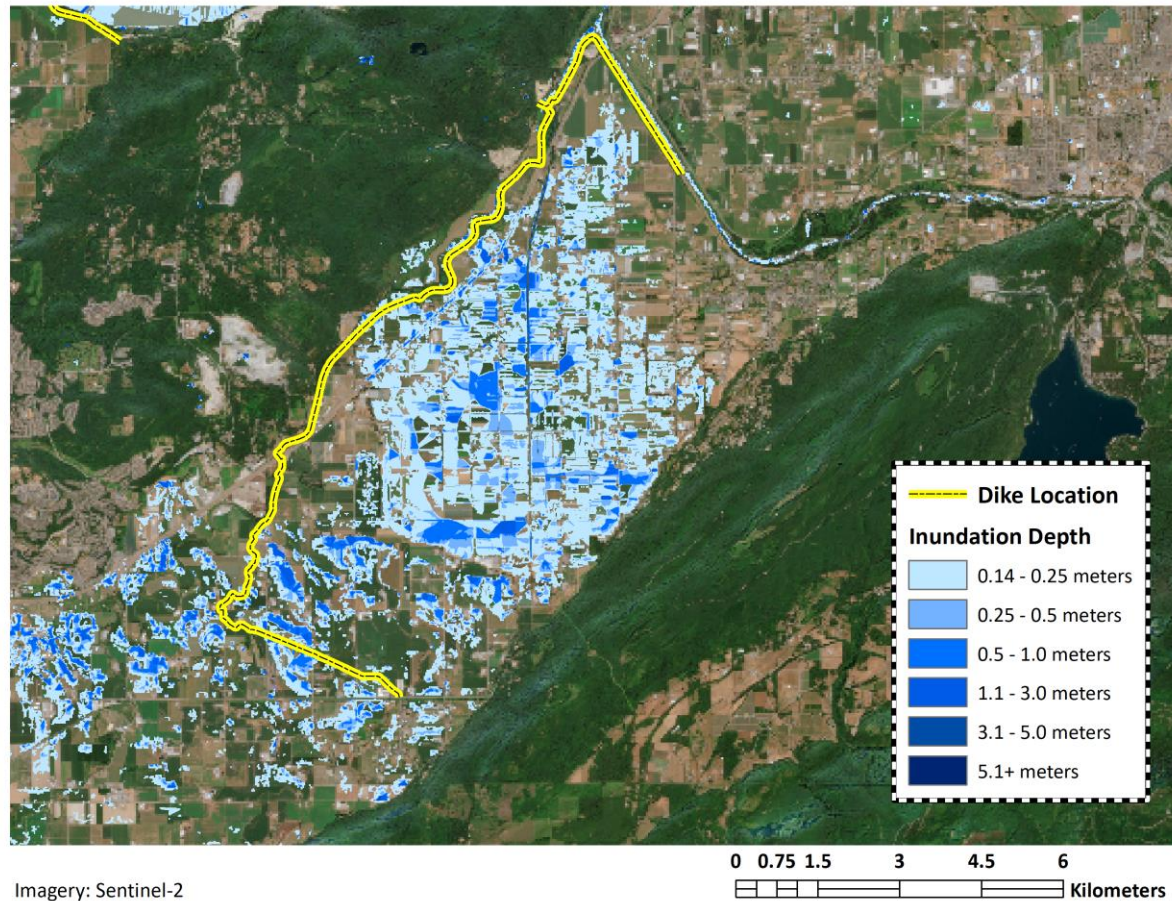
$$\text{Cell Volume} = \text{Cell Depth} \times \text{Image Spatial Resolution}$$

$$\text{Area Inundation Volume} = \text{Sum of each cell's volume in an area}$$

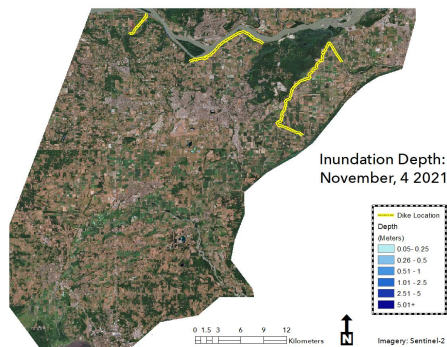


FwDET methodology (Teng et al., 2022)

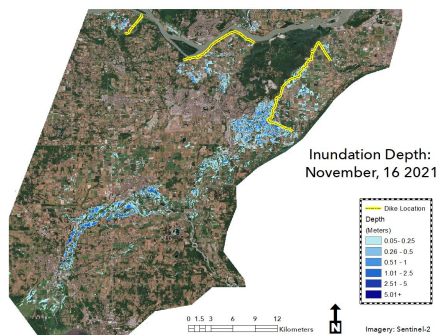
Flooding Inundation Depth- November 20th



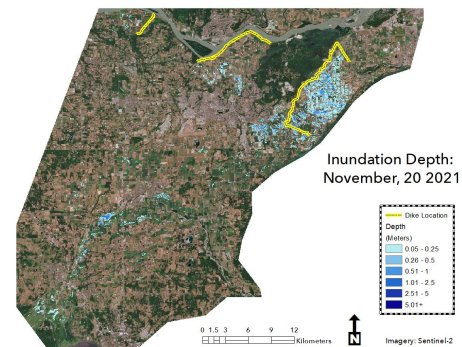
Tracking Changes in Flood Inundation Depth



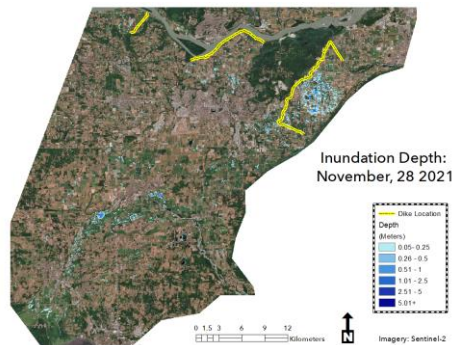
November 4, 2021



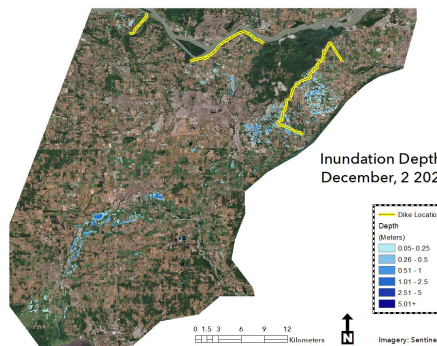
November 16, 2021



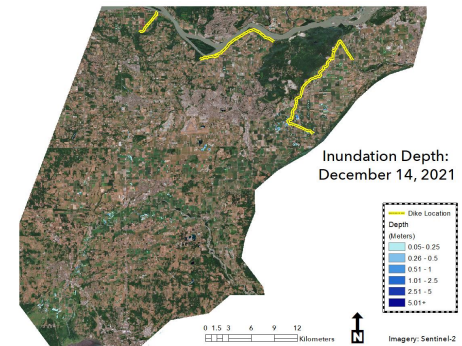
November 20, 2021



November 28, 2021



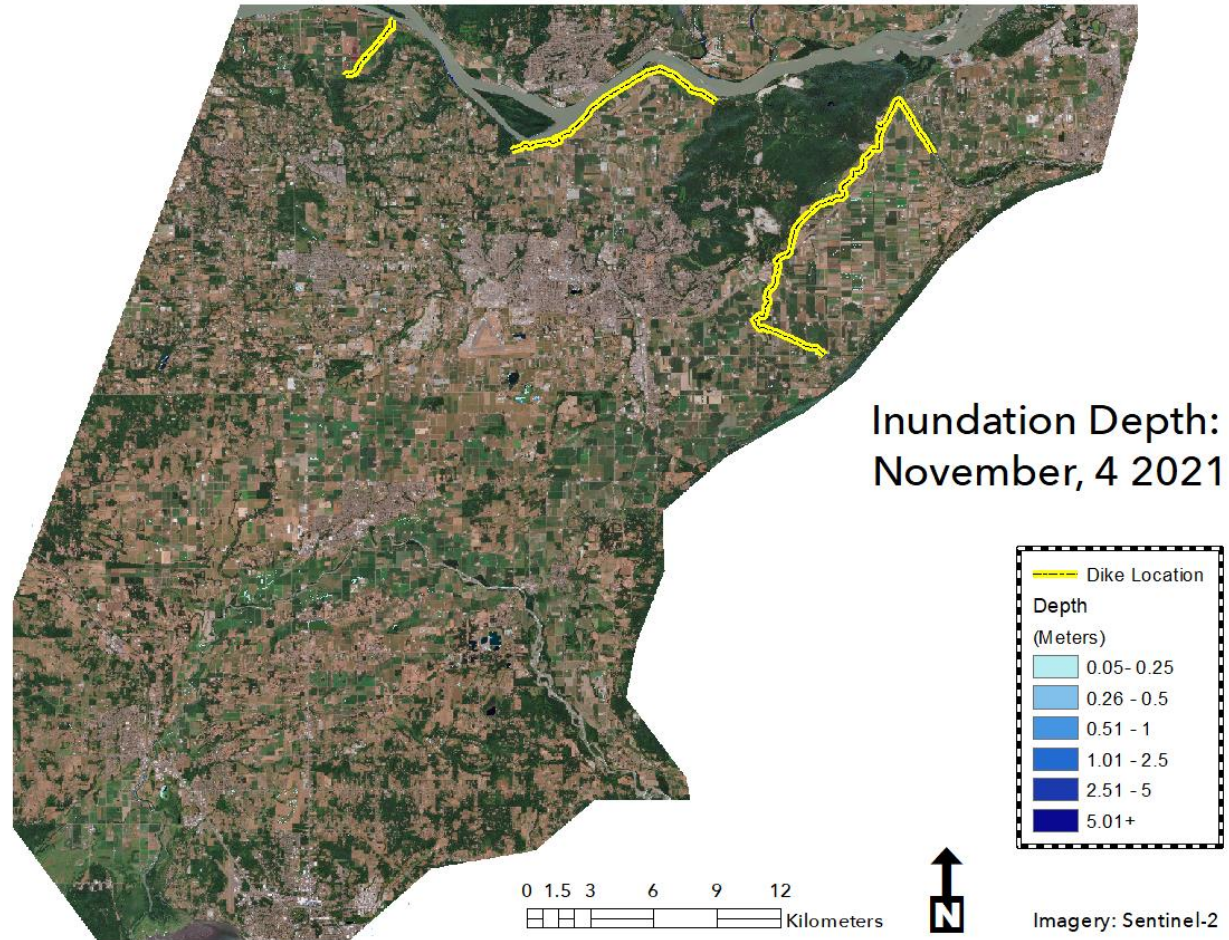
December 2, 2021



December 14, 2021

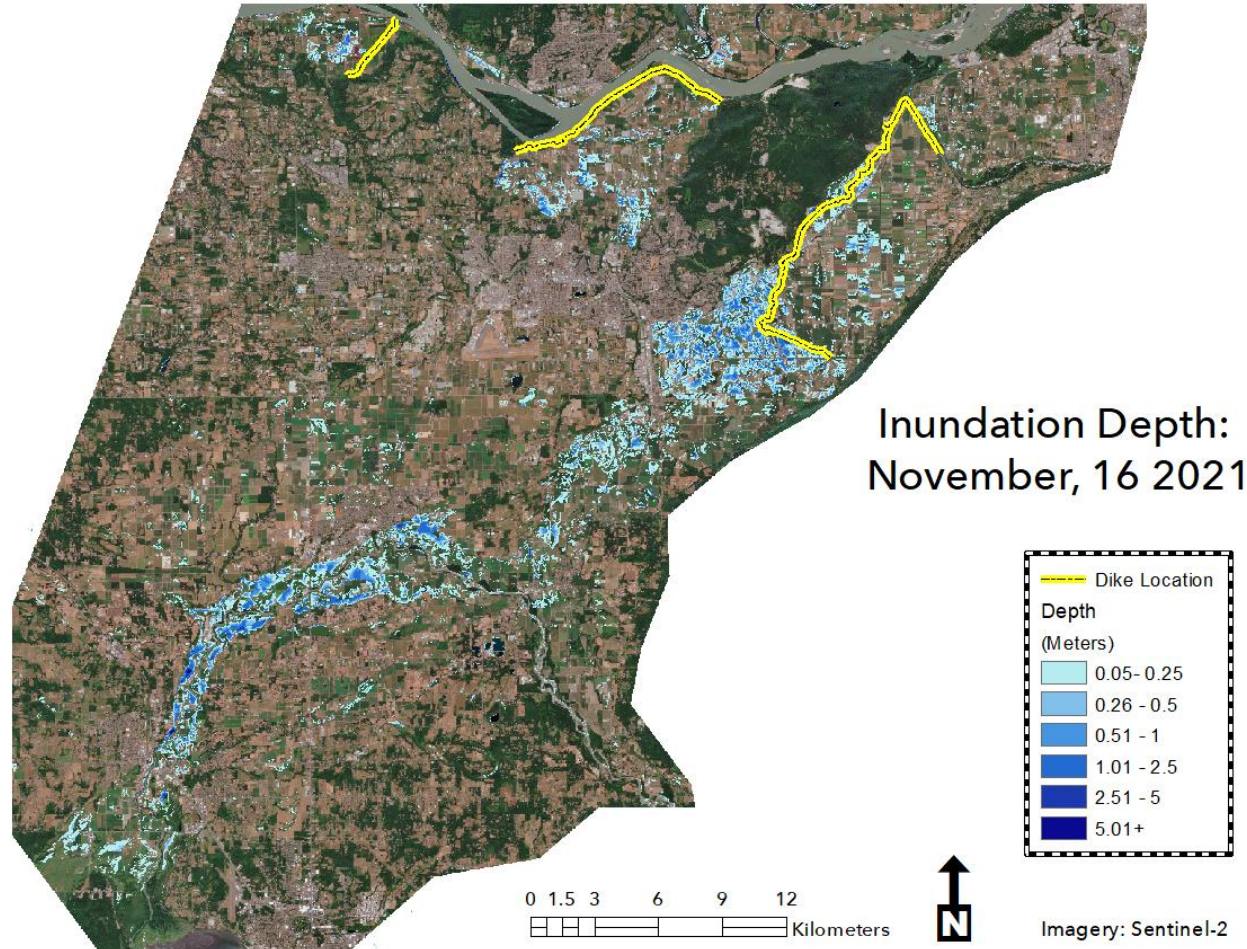
November 4, 2021

Preflood Image



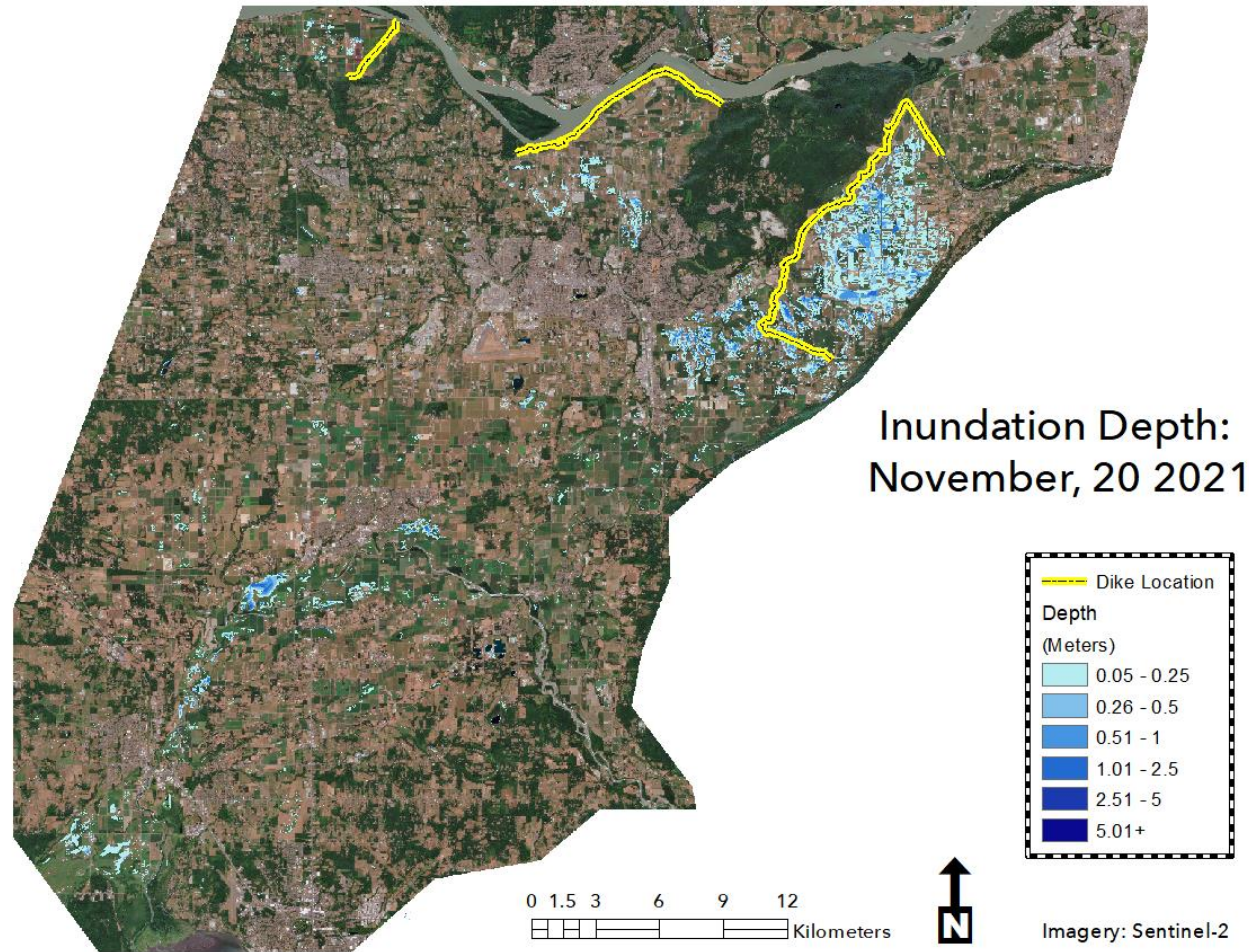
November 16, 2021

Image taken 1 day
after the Nooksack
River spilled over its
bank



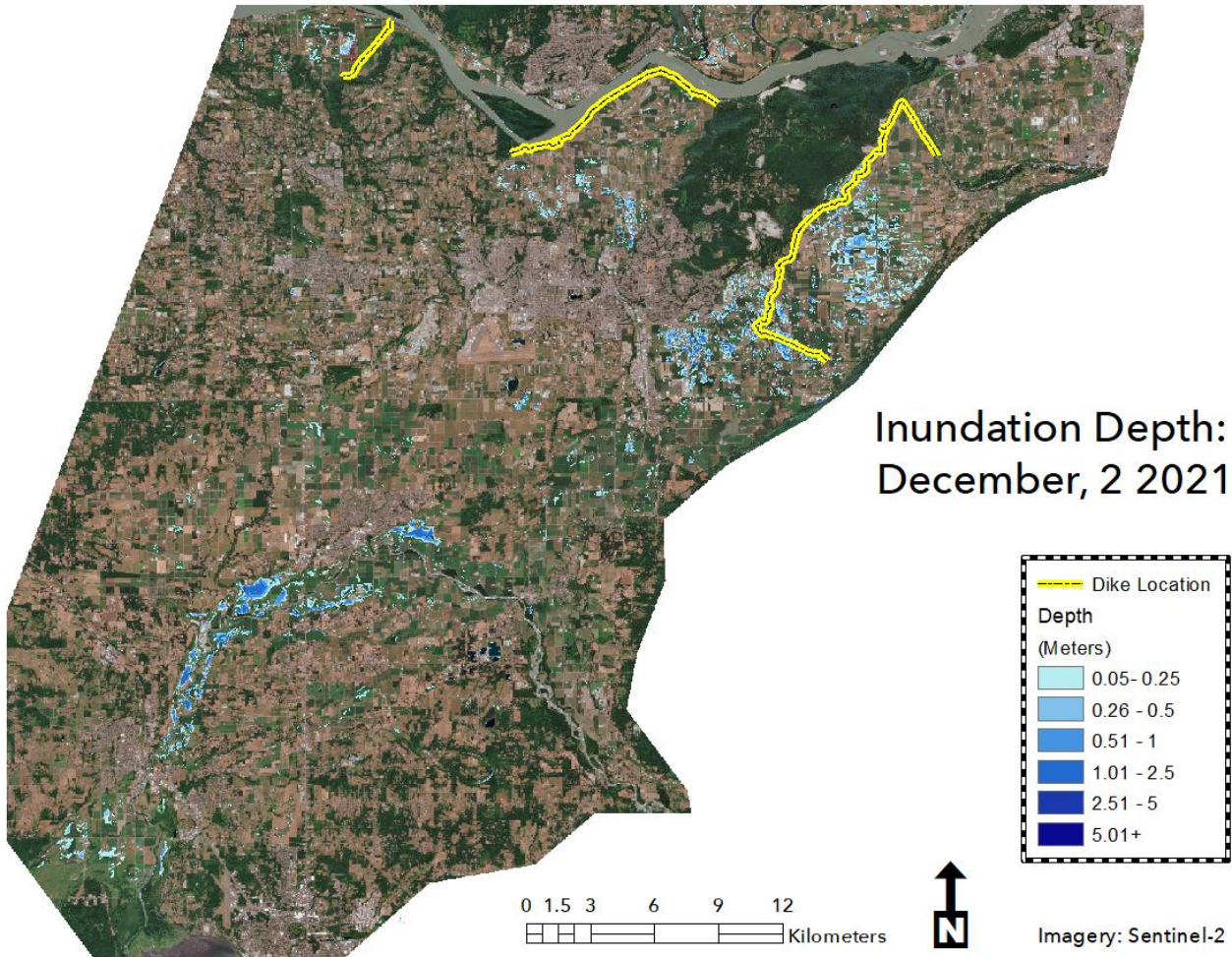
November 20, 2021

Image taken 5 days
after Nooksack River
flooded. The flood
waters of the Nooksack
have receded. However
the spillover waters
flowed into the Sumas
River which flooded
Sumas Prairie



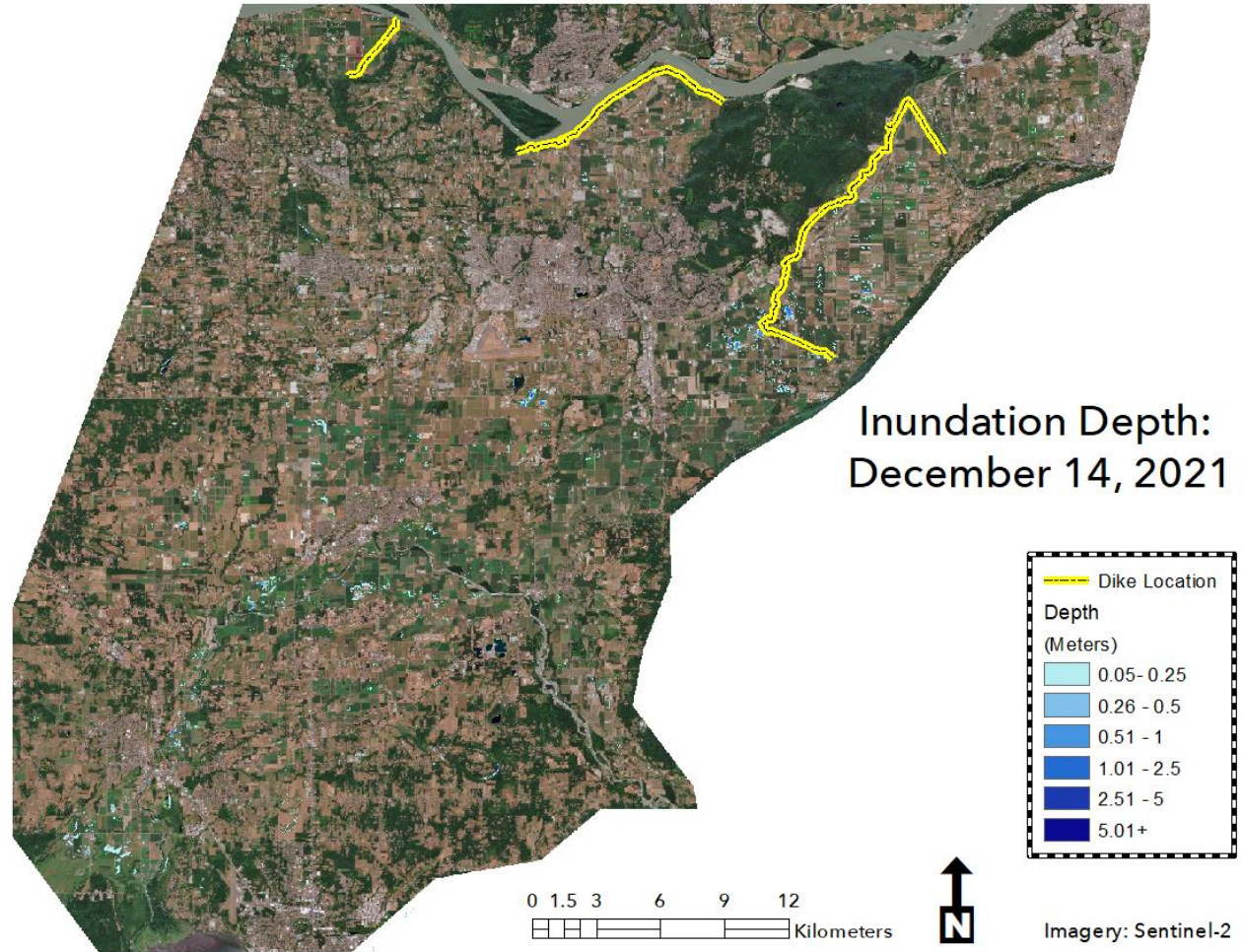
December 2, 2021

A second round of Atmospheric rivers cause the Nooksack River to flood again. However, the duration of the flooding was shorter and with less magnitude



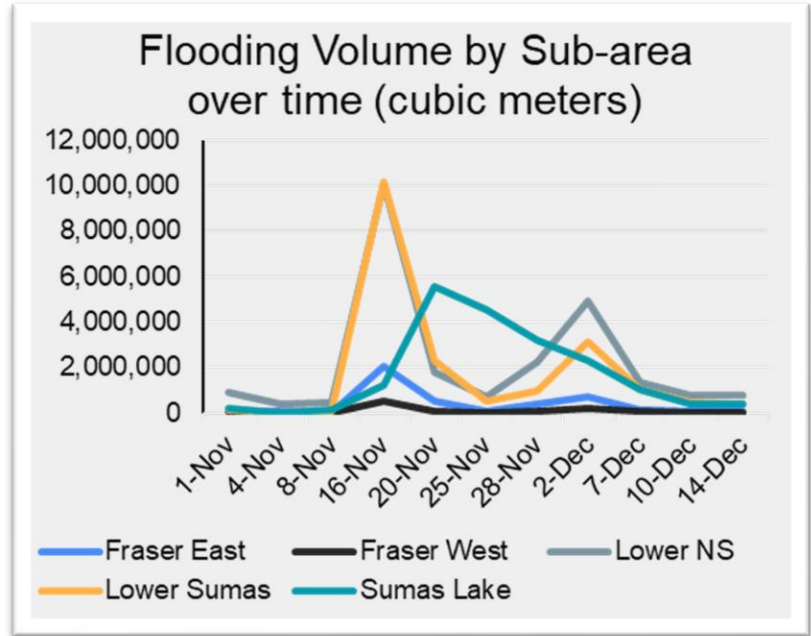
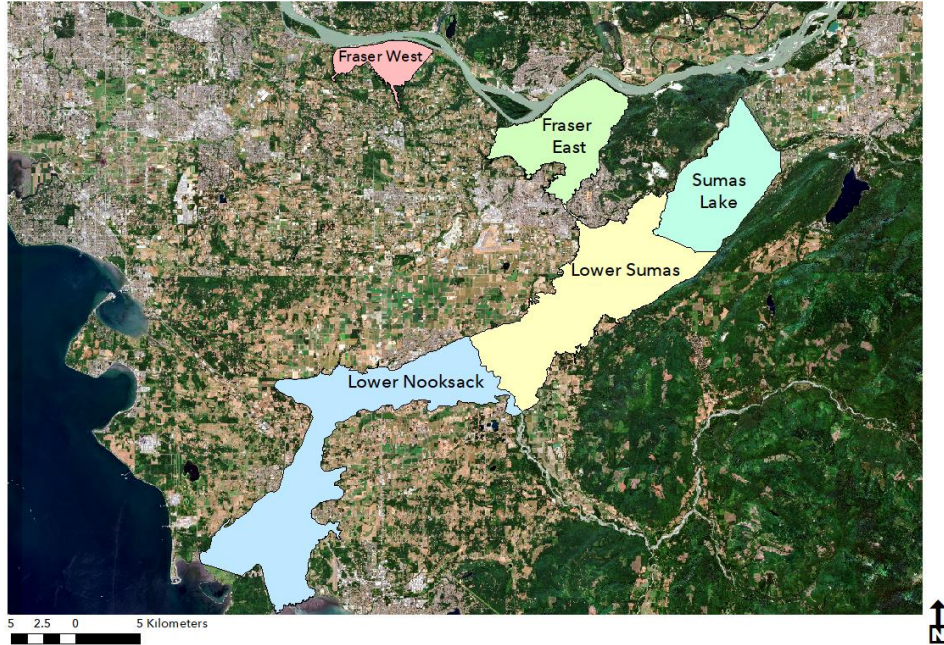
December 14, 2021

By December 14th,
Sumas Prairie and
its surrounding area
have mostly
returned to its pre-
flood conditions



Comparing Flood Volumes and Drainage Rates in Different Regions

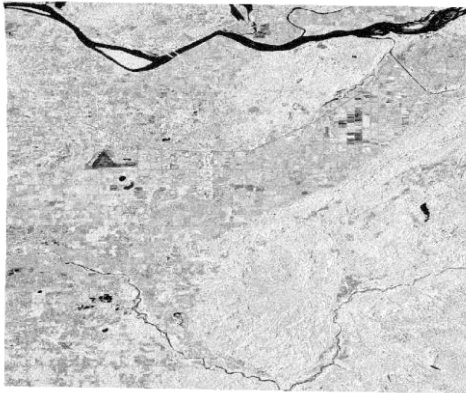
Flooding Sub-regions



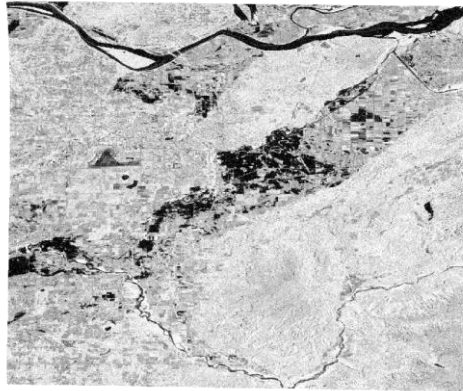
- Water drains through former Sumas Lake at the lowest rates of all regions

Conclusions and Next Steps

- SAR imagery alongside GIS is a powerful and reliable tool for mapping flood inundation throughout the duration of a flooding event and can be used by flood managers to decide if it necessary to order evacuations or built emergency infrastructure
- Work is being done to analyze flood water inundation maps alongside ancillary information (e.g. DEMs, infrastructure geospatial) to see how geomorphology and built infrastructure impact the rate of flood water drainage and water accumulation
- Imagery from additional dates will be processed to improve temporal resolution



Pre-flood SAR image



Flooded SAR image

Acknowledgements

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Thanks to Dr. Ali Jamali, Lilian Yang, and other members of the SFU Remote Sensing of Environmental Change (ReSEC) Lab for the research support.

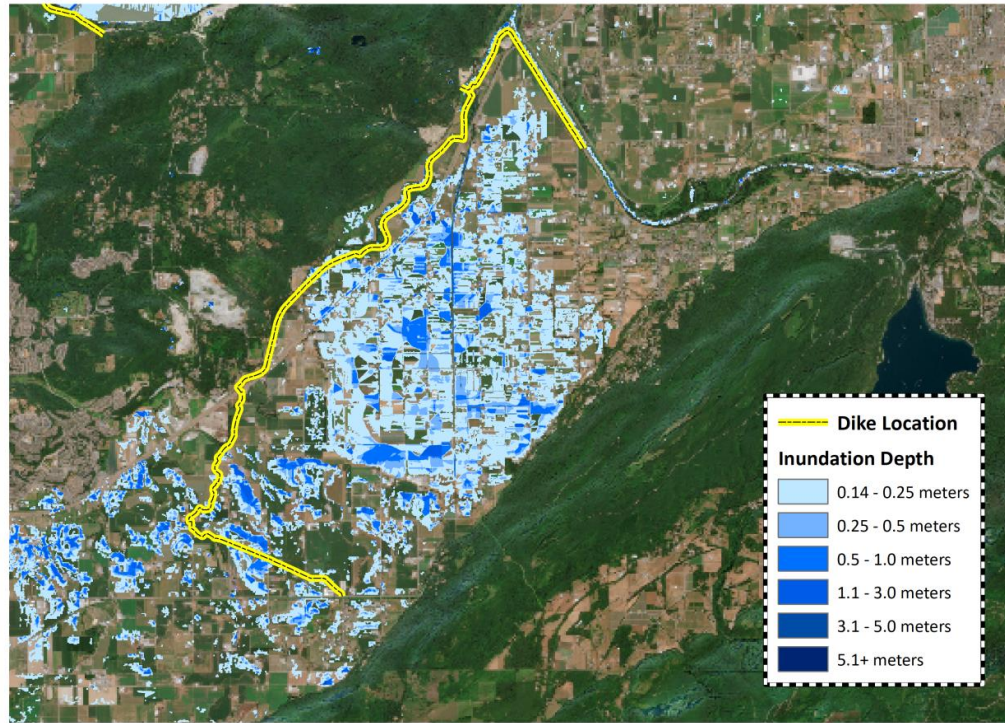


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Thank you! Questions?

Flooding Inundation Depth- November 20th



Imagery: Sentinel-2

0 0.75 1.5 3 4.5 6
Kilometers

