

# Advanced Vividata



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Please note: The examples in this guide were created using the Vividata survey data available at the time. You may get different results if a new edition of data has since been published.

## Introduction

Detailed data on Canadian consumers is rare and hard to find. Vividata's ongoing Survey of the Canadian Consumer gathers data on over 40,000 Canadians. The survey addresses Canadians' demographics, lifestyles and opinions, as well their product, service and media exposures. This makes Vividata an invaluable market research tool.

Using Vividata, you can build tables to answer questions such as:

- Which energy drinks do female millennials drink most often?
- Are *Canadian Geographic* readers more likely to care about a car's fuel efficiency than readers of *Elle Canada*?
- Are frequent gardeners likely to be open to trying new food products?
- Which province has the most people who attend pro hockey games?

>> This guide is intended for users who are already familiar with the basic functions of Vividata. If you are a beginner, please see the <u>Introduction to</u> <u>Vividata guide</u>.

## Filtering view vs. cross table view

The filtering view and cross table view look very similar. However, the filtering view has notable constraints. For example:

- Within the filtering view only certain variables can be assigned as a split or a question.
- The filtering view will pre-populate your table with many variables that if unwanted would have to be manually deleted.

There are no such limitations within the cross table view. We advise using the cross table view.

The rest of this guide will be based on the cross table view.

Know your audience	Cross Table	e Filterir	ng View	
🛅 Rows and columns	<b>T</b> Filters	Calcu	lations	🗴 Settings 🛛 📰 Generate (6 cells
Templates				
Default Settings		\$	< RC	OWS AND COLUMNS
		Q)	Sp	lit settings
interval		*	0	Totals Subtotals
<ul> <li>Demographics</li> </ul>				
<ul> <li>Readership (Generic)</li> </ul>	Readership (Generic)			v
<ul> <li>Magazine Brands</li> </ul>				
Daily Newspaper Bran	ds			♥ I■ All Respondents - 14+ =

## Nesting

Nesting allows you to create a new target audience by displaying a variable as a subset of another variable. For example, you could nest gender within generation and find data on the subsets of males and females among millennials.

When you un-nest splits, you will see variables displayed individually (side by side) instead of combined together.

By default, the splits will be nested. In the "Rows and Columns" tab, you can turn nesting off or on in the top right corner.

ROWS AND COLUMNS		Clear All Transpose
Split settings		Nest variable splits (
Value All Respondents - 14+	♥ ☷ All Respondents - 14+ 낮	×

Whether you nest splits or not depends on how you want to see the data laid out. I.e., do you want to make your focus more specific (e.g., 14+ men in British Columbia), or do you want to see how a given variable compares across different groups (e.g., the general 14+ population across Canada, all Canadian men, and all British Columbians).

Remember! The more you nest, the narrower your audience becomes, meaning the smaller (and potentially less accurate) your sample size becomes.

**Remember!** If you nest, adding <u>benchmark</u> measures will be more complex, and potentially not possible.

## Nesting example

In this table, the splits are nested at the top to create a more specific audience.

#### How to read this table

Note! There will be small inconsistencies due to rounding.

- The left column:
  - Of the 14+ male population in B.C. (1,926,000), approximately 28% (531,700) use whitening toothpaste. The unweighted base (sample size) is 2,351.
- The right column:
  - Of the 14+ female population in B.C (2,016,000), approx. 35% (700,400) use whitening toothpaste. The unweighted base is 2,798.

Time period: 2018-11-06	Time period: 2018-11-06 to 2018-11-06										
		A	All Respond	lents - 144	÷						
			14	+							
			Geo - P	rovince							
			British C	olumbia							
			Gen	der							
		Mal	e ‡	Fem	ale \$						
		Count	%	Count	%						
	Whitening	531.7	27.6	700.4	34.7						
Toothpaste - Kind(s) Personally Use - Any	Weighted base	1,926	1,926	2,016	2,016						
	Unweighted base	2,351	2,351	2,798	2,798						

## **Un-nested example:**

Below is the same table, the only difference being that the splits are un-nested. You can see that all the variables are laid out beside each other.

Time period: 2018-11-0	6 to 2018-11-06										
		All Respondents - 14+		- 14+ Geo - Province			Gender				
		14+ ‡		British Columbia 💠		Male \$		Female			
		Count	%	Count	%	Count	%	Count	%		
	Whitening	9,092.7	31.5	1,232.1	31.3	3,823.7	27.6	5,269.0	35.1		
Toothpaste - Kind(s) Personally Use - Any	Weighted base	28,878	28,878	3,942	3,942	13,868	13,868	15,010	15,010		
	Unweighted base	40,347	40,347	5,149	5,149	17,456	17,456	22,891	22,891		

## How to read this table

- The left column:
  - Of the 14+ population in Canada (28,878,000), approx. 32% (9,092,700) use whitening toothpaste. The unweighted base (sample size) is 40,347.
- The middle column:
  - Of the 14+ population in B.C. (3,942,000), approx. 31% (1,232,100) use whitening toothpaste. The unweighted base is 5,149.
- The right columns:
  - Of the 14+ male population in Canada (13,868,000), approx. 28% (3,823,700) use whitening toothpaste. The unweighted base is 17,456.
  - Of the 14+ female population in Canada (15,010,000), approx. 35% (5,269,000) use whitening toothpaste. The unweighted base is 22,891.

## Transpose

Selecting "Transpose" within the "Rows and Columns" tab will flip the rows and columns **but it** will not change the calculation.

In the images below, you can see "Age – Generation" and "Ad Influence..." have changed places. Why transpose? It depends on how you want to view the data in your table. If you would like more rows than columns (longer rather than wider) you might want to use the "transpose" feature. Feel free to play around with it and see which view you prefer. Please note the examples in this guide only showcase tables that <u>have not</u> been transposed.

Rows and columns	Filters 📑 Calcul	tions 🖕 Settings 🔠 Generate (72 cells)	K.N K.N
Templates Default Settings	*	ROWS AND COLUMNS	Clear All Transpose
Daily Newspaper Brands     Community Newspaper Bran	ds	Split settings Totals Subtotals	Nest variable splits (i)
<ul> <li>Other Publications</li> <li>Television (Generic)</li> <li>Television (Specific)</li> </ul>			♥ III 人 Age - Generation
<ul> <li>Radio (Generic)</li> <li>Radio (Specific)</li> <li>Internet (Generic)</li> </ul>		Ad Influence - Actions Taken After Seeing An Ad - Any Media =	
<ul> <li>Internet (Specific)</li> </ul>			

🔚 Rows and columns 🍸 Filters 📑 C	alculatio	ns 🧔 Settings 📰 Genera	ate (72 cells)
Templates Default Settings	*	ROWS AND COLUMNS	Clear All Transpose
Q		Split settings	
<ul> <li>Daily Newspaper Brands</li> </ul>		Totals Subtotals	Nest variable splits 🥢
Community Newspaper Brands			
<ul> <li>Other Publications</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>Television (Generic)</li> </ul>			im     Ad Influence Actions Takes After Society An Ad. Any Media
<ul> <li>Television (Specific)</li> </ul>			Ad influence - Actions Taken After Seeing An Ad - Any Media
<ul> <li>Radio (Generic)</li> </ul>			▲
▶ Radio (Specific)		😵 🧮 Age - Generation 🛛 🚽	
<ul> <li>Internet (Generic)</li> </ul>			

# Which numbers to read in thousands

The unweighted base is the actual number of people in the sample who fit within each category. All other numbers in the Count columns are weighted and scaled, which means that you should The default weight is population. The weight can be changed in the "Calculations" tab.

multiply them by 1000 to find how many people in the population overall are in each category, based on the sample size.

ort by %	•								1
Time period: 2018-11	-06 to 2018-11-06								
		All Responde	ents - 14+	Geo - Pr	ovince		Gen	der	
		14+ \$		British Columbia 🕴		Male 🗘		Female	
		Count	%	Count	%	Count	%	Count	%
	Vacation Trips	15,115.8	49.9	2,291.6	56.5	7,532.8	50.8	7,583.0	49.0
/actn/Prsnl Travel - Overnight Trips - Past 12 Mths	Weighted base	30,292	30,292	4,054	4,054	14,823	14,823	15,469	15,469
	Unweighted	41,689	41,689	5,245	5,245	18,223	18,223	23,466	23,466

## How to read this table

- The left column:
  - Of the 14+ population in Canada (30,292,000), approx. 50% (15,115,800) have taken an overnight vacation/personal trip in the last 12 months. The unweighted base (sample size) is 41,689.

Remember! The unweighted base can be read as a straight number.

- The middle column:
  - Of the 14+ population in B.C. (4,054,000), approx. 57% (2,291,600) have taken an overnight vacation/personal trip in the last 12 months. The unweighted base is 5,245.
- The right column:
  - Of the 14+ male population in Canada (14,823,000), approx. 51% (7,532,800) have taken an overnight vacation/personal trip in the last 12 months. The unweighted base is 18,223.
  - Of the 14+ female population in Canada (15,469,000), approx. 29% (7,583,000) have taken an overnight vacation/personal trip in the last 12 months. The unweighted base is 23,466.

# Interpreting table view [date, red and blue cells, exporting to excel]

#### Dates

If a time period is displayed, it refers to when the data was added to Vividata, not when the data was collected or when the table was created.

\*Note that Vividata does ongoing polling of Canadians and periodically updates the survey data available. You can generally assume that the data available was collected through a rolling series of surveys over the preceding 12-15 months.

#### **Exporting to Excel**

If you'd like to export the data in your Vividata table to Excel, select the "Export to Excel" button in the top right corner.

Rows and columns	T Filters	alculation	ns 🛱 Se	ettings	Gener	ate (36 cells	5)	
Sort by %								Export to exce
Time period: 2018-11-06	to 2018-11-06						3	
				Geo - Pr	ovince			Red and blue cells
		Ontario \$		Albe	erta ‡	British Co	lumbia ‡	The red and blue cells are
		Count	%	Count	%	Count	%	flags that indicate the
Toothpaste - Brand(s) Personally Use - Mst Oft Tom's of Maine	24.7	0.2	10.4	0.3	2.4	0.1	count is notably small. A	
	ProNamel	202.6	1.8	62.6	1.9	101.1	2.6	blue box indicates a cour
	Sesodyne Repair & Protect	530.4	4.8	282.1	8.5	269.1	6.8	of lower than 40 (i.e. 40,000 weighted number
	Tom's of Maine	102.4	0.9	34.5	1.0	50.7	1.3	of positive respondents), and a red box indicates a
	Weighted base	11,062	11,062	3,332	3,332	3,941	3,941	count lower than 20 (i.e.
	Unweighted base	14,853	14,853	5,082	5,082	5,145	5,145	20,000 weighted number

larger samples.

been flagged, consider using broader data with

#### Advanced Vividata

# Count vs. percentage

The **count** is the number of people in the population (the weighted base) projected to have positively responded to the question.

It is calculated from the number of people in the sample (the unweighted base) who positively responded to the question. Each person in the sample is projected to represent a certain number of people in the population.

## Let's break down the left column of this table...

Note! There will be small inconsistencies due to rounding.

 The weighted base of Canadian millennials (9,738,000) is represented by a sample of 7,676 (unweighted base). Using the number of people in the sample who responded positively to the question, it is projected that about 1,134,800 millennials (the count) purchased a product/brand/service after seeing an ad in a magazine. This count works out to approx. 12% of Canadian millennials.

Rows and columns	Filters Calculations	🔅 Settings	📻 Ge	nerate (18 ce	lls)		
Sort by	•						
Time period: 2018-11-06 to 2	018-11-06						
				Age - G	eneration		
		Millennials 1982-20	(born \$	GenXers (bo 198	orn 1965- ‡	Baby Boom 1945-1	ers (born 965)
		Count	%	Count	%	Count	%
Ad Influence - Actions Taken	Purchased a product/brand/service	1,134.8	11.7	1,128.1	13.1	1,184.8	11.7
After Seeing An Ad - Magazines Pr/Dg	Weighted base	9,738	9,738	8,582	8,582	10,138	10,138
	Unweighted base	7,676	7,676	11,490	11,490	19,144	19,144

# Benchmarking

In our view, benchmarking is one of the most powerful and useful features of Vividata. Enabling benchmarking will let you see whether one group is more or less likely than another group for a particular variable to apply to them.

Remember! If you nest, adding benchmark measures will be more complex, and potentially not possible.

You can turn on benchmarking under the "Calculations" tab. From the "Calculation" dropdown, select "Index/Conversion rate".

When you turn on benchmarking, by default all columns will be compared against the first column.

Eltors	EE Calculat	ions 🥐 Sottin		
		ions io setur	You can change what	is being
STANDARD CALCULATIONS			compared under the	"Benchmark"
CORRELATION ANALYSIS			setting. For example,	you can
			benchmark the rows	or the
SIGNIFICANCE TESTING			columns, and you car	n identify which
BENCHMARK			specific columns or re	ows you'd like
			to compare. It all dep	ends on how
Enable benchmark calculation			you'd like to see the	data laid out
			and what you want to	o compare.
Calculation			-	•
Index/Conversion rate	(	Show only ber	nchmarks	
Benchmark between		Comparison columns	5	
Columns	•	First column	•	
Comparison behavior				
Leave comparison columns	•			

## **Example of benchmarking**

In the image below you can see a table where benchmarking has been enabled (see the benchmarked numbers in brackets).

Time period: 2018-11-0 Benchmark: First colum	6 to 2018-11-06 n									
		All Responde	ents - 14+	Geo - Province						
		14+ \$		Ontario \$		Alberta 🛊		British Columbia		
		Count	%	Count	%	Count	%	Count	%	
Vactn/Prsnl Travel - Overnight Trips - Past 12 Mths	Vacation Trips	15,115.8	49.9	5,783.8 (38.3)	49.3 (98.8)	2,085.3 (13.8)	60.9 (122.0)	2,291.6 (15.2)	56.5 (113.3)	
	Weighted base	30,292	30,292	11,727	11,727	3,424	3,424	4,054	4,054	
	Unweighted base	<mark>41,68</mark> 9	41,689	15,584	15,584	5,227	5,227	5,245	5,245	

## How to read this table

- The left column
  - Of the 14+ population of Canada (30,292,000), approx. 50% (15,115,800) have taken an overnight vacation/personal trip in the past 12 months. The unweighted base (sample) is 41,689.
  - By default, this is the column against which the others are benchmarked.

#### • <u>"Ontario" column</u>

Of the 14+ population of Ontario (11,727,000), approx.
 49% (5,783,800) report having taken an overnight vacation/personal trip in the past 12 months. The unweighted base is 15,584.



Benchmarked #s: Relative to the Canadian 14+ population, Ontarians are approx. 1.2% (100 - 98.8) less likely to have taken an overnight vacation/personal trip in the past 12 months. Approx. 38% of the 14+ Canadian population who have taken an overnight vacation/personal trip in the past 12 months are Ontarians.

#### • <u>"Alberta" column</u>

- Of the 14+ population of Alberta **(3,424,000)**, approx. **61% (2,085,300)** report having taken a vacation/personal trip in the past 12 months. The unweighted base is **5,227**.
- Benchmarked #s: Relative to the Canadian 14+ population, Albertans are approx. 22% more likely to have taken a vacation/personal trip in the past 12 months. Approx. 13.8% of the 14+ Canadian population who have taken a vacation/personal trip in the past 12 months are Albertans.

**Conclusions:** Ontarians are much less likely to have taken a vacation/personal trip in the past 12 months than British Columbians or Albertans. Of the three provinces, Albertans are the most likely to have taken a vacation/personal trip in past 12 months. However, due to the larger population of Ontario, Ontarians have still taken the largest percentage (approx. 38%) of vacation/personal trips compared to B.C. and Alberta.

# Significance testing

Using this feature will tell you which cells have data that is significantly more or less than other cells.

You can turn on significance testing in the "Calculations" tab. In this tab, you can choose which columns you would like to compare and the significance level. For example, below you can see that the settings are configured so that all columns are compared against eachother. This way, the software will identify any instances in which one column is 10% lower or higher than another column.

Rows and columns T Filters	Calculations 🔅 Settings	📻 Generate (12 cells)		KA KA					
STANDARD CALCULATIONS									
CORRELATION ANALYSIS									
SIGNIFICANCE TESTING									
Enable significance tests									
Significance level	Base size		Results to show						
10%	▼ Weighted	Positive and negative	'						
Test between	Comparison columns								
Columns	All vs. All	•							
Base limit	Respondent count limit								
30	0								
BENCHMARK	BENCHMARK								
RANK									

## **Example of significance testing**

		Geo - Region							
		Quebec 💠		Ontario 💠		British Columbia 🛛 🌲			
		Count	(a) %	Count	(b) %	Count	(c) %		
Print/Digital - Read Past Year - Yes	Canadian Living	394.7	6.8 (b-,c-)	3,676.0	35.5 (a+,c-)	1,359.3	39.8 (a+,b+)		
	Chatelaine	1,045.7	18.1 (b-,c-)	2,547.4	24.6 (a+)	811.6	23.8 (a+)		
	Weighted base	5,777	5,777	10,355	10,355	3,4 <mark>1</mark> 4	3,414		
	Unweighted base	7,757	7,757	13,910	13,910	4,589	4,589		

## How to read this table

This table compares Quebec (a), Ontario (b) and B.C. (c) using the <u>settings</u> established on page 13.

- <u>"Quebec" column</u>
  - Quebecers are less likely than Ontarians and British Columbians to read Canadian Living.
  - Quebecers are less likely than Ontarians and British Columbians to read Chatelaine.
- <u>"Ontario" column</u>
  - Ontarians are more likely Quebecers and less likely than British Columbians to read Canadian Living.
  - Ontarians are more likely than Quebecers to read Chatelaine.

# **Citing Vividata in APA format**

#### Use this as a basic template when citing Vividata:

Vividata. (n.d.). [Title with enough description to re-create table] (table). Vividata. Retrieved date from URL.

Time period: 2018-	11-06 to 2018-11-0	06								
		Geo - Region								
		Quebec ‡		Ontario ‡		British Columbia 🕴				
		Count	(a) %	Count	(b) %	Count	(c) %			
Print/Digital - Read Past Year - Yes	Canadian Living	394.7	6.8 (b-,c-)	3,676.0	35.5 (a+,c-)	1,359.3	39.8 (a+,b+)			
	Chatelaine	1,045.7	18.1 (b-,c-)	2,547.4	24.6 (a+)	811.6	23.8 (a+)			
	Weighted base	5,777	5,777	10,355	10,355	3,414	3,414			
	Unweighted base	7,757	7,757	13,910	13,910	4,589	4,589			

# **Example of APA citation**

#### In-text

(Vividata, n.d.)

#### Works Cited

Vividata. (n.d.). [Quebec, Ontario and B.C. readers of Canadian Living and Chatelaine in past year] (table). Vividata. Retrieved March 3, 2019 from https://vividata.ca/